

Update on SSM

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EFMLG meeting - Madrid 4 October 2013

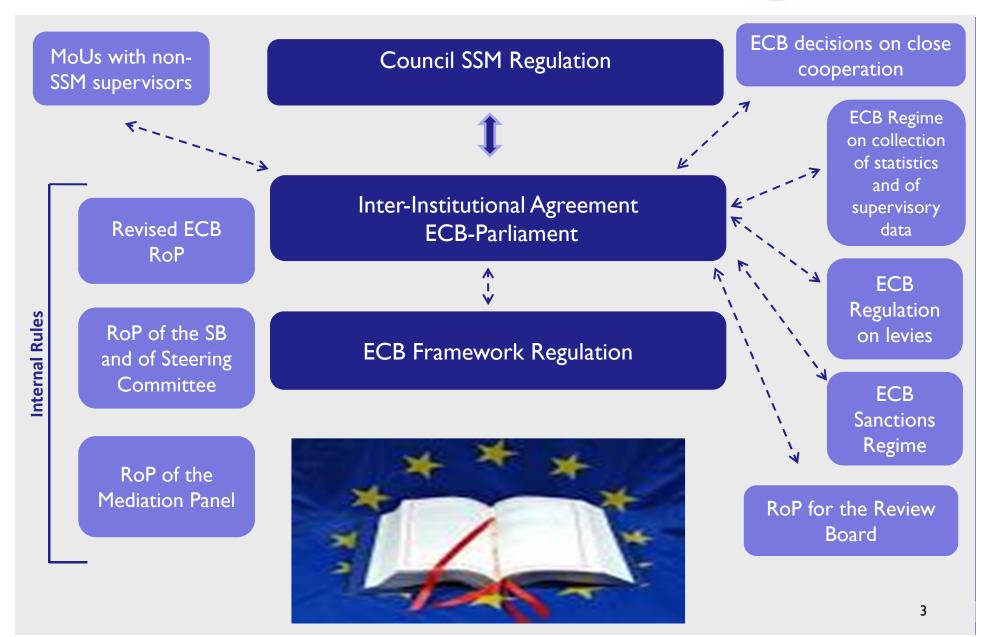
Timetable of SSM Regulation



- a) Approval by the Council: early October 2013
- b) Signature of Inter-Institutional Agreement ECB-Parliament
- c) Publication in Official Journal: end of October 2013
- d) Entry into force: five days after official publication
- e) SSM start: one year after publication
- f) Interim period:
 - i. Adoption of new ECB organisation and internal rules for SSM
 - ii. Constitution of Supervisory Board
 - iii. ECB recruitment process: top-down cascade
 - iv. Public consultation on ECB implementing regulations
 - v. Balance sheet assessment process: methodology decided (Q4 2013) and implemented (Q1 2014)
 - vi. Adoption of SSM Framework Regulation; methodology to determine scope of direct and indirect supervision; list of directly supervised groups
 - vii. Adoption and conclusion of other legal acts (close cooperation, MoUs, levies

SSM Legal Framework





SSM Framework Regulation



Content of the SSM Framework Regulation
Part I – General provisions
Part II – Organisation of the SSM
Part III - Operation of the SSM
Part IV - Methodology
Part V – Common procedures
Part VI – Procedures for significant credit institutions
Part VII - Procedures for less significant credit institutions
Part VIII - Close cooperation
Part IX - Macro-prudential procedures
Part X - Penalties
Part XI – Inspections and investigations
Part XII – Transitional and final provisions

Language regime



• Communications

Legal acts

English

ECB BANK

- Communications
- Binding decisions

English (if agreed)

National language (if no agreement on EN)

ECB translates

Language regime (2)



BANK

NCA

- Communications
- Applications

National language

BANK

ECB

- Applications

Communications

NCA may translate if necessary English (if agreed)

National language (if no agreement on EN)

Sanctions Regime



ECB sanctioning powers: three limitations

- Only on directly supervised institutions; NCAs retain sanctioning power for non-directly supervised institutions;
- Only for breaches of directly applicable EU or ECB law;
 NCAs retain sanctioning power for breaches of national law;
- Only pecuniary sanctions; NCAs retain sanctioning powers other than pecuniary.

Other infringements, and non-pecuniary sanctions: NCAs sanctioning powers under national law, but:

- ECB may issue regulations, guidelines, general instructions to NCAs;
- ECB oversees the functioning of the system;
- ECB may collect information directly from the entities;
- ECB may decide to exercise directly supervisory powers.

Staffing process

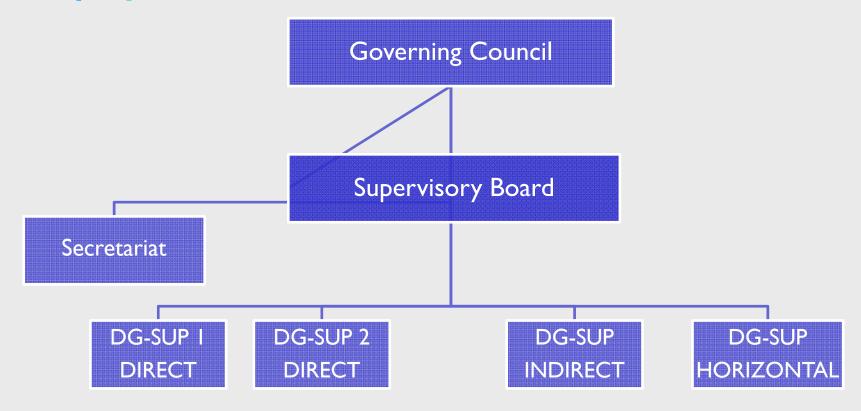


Vacancy notices published in ECB website on 30/9/2013 for:

Chair of Supervisory Board

Director General

Deputy Director General



Any question?





Thanks for your attention!